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THE INTELLIGENCE WAR

CUBA'S HAND IN. DRUG TRAFFIC

By ROBERT MOSS.

HOR many years, the favourite method : of Cuba's secret service the DGI for arranging operational funds for its agents in the United States and

Latin America has been via the drug traffic. In the early 1960s an alternation five and imaginative method of raising cash for intelligence cagents was through bolitas or lotteries, organised within the Cuban community

in South Florida. FBI investigators discovered that DGI collaborators would rig the results of light teries in order to make page ments to Castro agents. How ever, the turnover of the drug trade is vastly greater.

The main pipeline is from Colombia, via Cuba and Panama, to the United States. Sources in the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) say that the Cuban

DGI has helped to super-vise a lucrative barter of arms for drugs with the Castro-supported Colombian guerrilla movements. Panama plays a vital role as a middleman in - smuggling operations and in the laund-

ering of money; the family of the Panamanian strongman Gen. Omar Torrijos, and the country's military intel-gence chief. Col. Noriega, have been accused in American Congressional hearings of being directly involved in the traffic.

Now, however, a major FBI investigation is under way into the possible laundering of drug money by a number of Miami banks whose directors are believed to have close connections with Havana.

The latest development was the indictment by a Federal Grand-Jury last week of Sr Guillermo Hernandez Cartaya, a-Cuban emigre banker whose financial interests extended from Panama to the Persian Gulf, and seven other former officers of his WFC Corporation, based in Coral Gables. Miami, on charges of conspir-

Lacy and tax evasion. Se -Hernandez and his ployees are charged with failing to report more than SI million (£410,000) in tash bonuses that they paid them. selves over a four year period.

The money was, allegedly laundered through a Panamanian bank controlled by Sr Hernandez. His activities first attracted the attention of Justice Department officials when it was noted that larger sums of money were regularly being transferred in and out of his banks without explanation;

The then chairman of a Congressional sub-committee that investigated Cuba's role in the drug trade; Congressman Lester Wolff of New York, publicly accused Sr. Hernan dez of conspiring with the
Castro- regime to smuggle
cocaine into the United
States
Sr Hernandez denied the

charge, and no evidence was produced at the time to justify a criminal prosecution. However, in 1978. Sr Hernandez and one of his senior aides, Salvador Aldereguia Ors, were acquitted of the charge

of conspiring to usesa false passport.
According to intelligence sources in Washington, St. Aldereguia has maintained close contact with Cuban officials in Panama and the United States and was involved in the secret diplomacy between the Castro régime and members of the Carter . Administration that was initi-

Jose Luis Padron, a senior DGI-officer who now holds the cover job of Minister of Tourism in Havana. Sr Hernandez is an intriguing figure: a Bay of Pigs veteran who started a modest financial operation in Tallahassee with few hundred dollars, and

ated at the end of 1977 by Sr

within a few years owned banks and corporations—in Miami Grand Cayman, San Antonio, Panama and Ecua dor.

Former CIA officials recallSr Hernandez' time in a training camp in Guatemala prior to the disastrous land-

ing at the Bay of Pigs in 1961. They say that one of ... his close friends at the time attracted suspicion that he was a Castro agent because her would regularly disobey orders and slip away into

The man eventually fled to Mexico, and it was confirmed that he had indeed been one of the many DGL-spies who pproved Por Reference 900/03/86Further, charges, against Sr. Hernandez may be pending, but many other bankers in South Florida are now also subject to scruting because of their possible links with the Castro regime and the drug peddlers:

to take two years, using the full resources of the FBI the DEA, and the Internal Revenue Service One official ally, however "I predict it will go nowhere since so many of the big banks are involved

704 CLA mun's covert-

action manual

ATR THEODORE Shackley, a former senior CIA officer - who-once played a key role in Laos and operations against the Castro regime in Cuba has written a book,

to be published by McGraw-Hill later this year, that may be adopted as a manual for paramilitary covert action under the Reagan administration. Mr Shackley resigned from the CIA after clashes with Adml Stansfield Turner, and has been regarded as a reading

contender for a key post in the agency's Directorate of

Operations under its new director Mr. William Casey: The title of his book, "The Third Option," is founded on his belief that covert action is the legitimate middle/way between full-scale military confrontation and inectia in defending Western interests where they are threatened by aggression from the Soviet Union or its surrogates.

"In the 1980s," he contends, "We will see paramilitary operations become once again an integral part of America's defence arsenal."

At a moment when the new Secretary of State, Alexander Haig, has publicly talked of the need to deal Soviet-backed with international terrorism and the new administration is studying intelligence reports ignored or suppressed under RDF99-00498R000200020140-6

involvement in the revolutionary violence in El Salvador, Mr Shackley's proposed guidelines for an American response are especially response are timely.

In a case like El Salvador, he contends, if it is detecmined that it is in the best interests of the United States "to prevent the beleaguered nation's collapse." the following steps

should be taken: 1. Washington and the Govern-ment under attack should agree on force levels that will be supported and re-States United States

States. The United States should provide an airlift capability; often under commercial cover, to move urgentlyneeded military supplies and medical services directly to

5. The Americans should provide military instructors: some of them professionals recruited from third countries-IThere is a small Defence Department teamsin El Salvador now):

4 The CFA should arrange for the selective employment of volumeers as combat troops and advisers. They may be professional soldiers hired on a mercenary basis from neighbouring countries.

5 The CIA should take charge of co-ordinating a sophistical fed intelligence gathering and psychological warfare programme. 7

Emigrés criticise

Radio Liberty

THE Reagan Administration is expected to support an expanded programme of radio broadcasts to countries under Marxist control including Cuba, Angola and Afghanistan

At the same time, the editorial content of broadcasts trans-mitted to the Soviet Union by the Munich-based Radio Liberty (now said to be financed by the American Congress), is likely to be sub-jected to close scruting

Leading Russian dissident intel-West—notably Mr Vladimir
Bukovsky and Mr Lev Navrosov—criticise the pro-